

1,4-Dichloronaphthalene-2,3-diol

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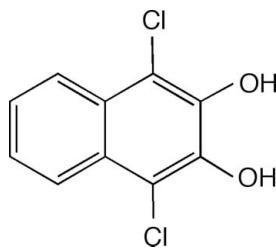
Received 2 February 2009; accepted 5 February 2009

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 294\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.022; wR factor = 0.034; data-to-parameter ratio = 7.9.

The achiral planar (maximum deviation 0.014 Å) title compound, $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_6\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_2$, crystallizes in the chiral space group $P2_12_12_1$ in an arrangement incorporating conventional O—H···O hydrogen bonding leading to a supramolecular chain.

Related literature

For related structures, see: Ahn *et al.* (1995, 1996). For the synthesis, see: Zincke & Fries (1904); Ahn *et al.* (1995). For related literature, see: Coppens & Hamilton (1970).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_6\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_2$	$V = 901.5(2)\text{ \AA}^3$
$M_r = 229.1$	$Z = 4$
Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$	$\text{Cu K}\alpha$ radiation
$a = 5.0037(4)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 6.24\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 11.589(1)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 294\text{ K}$
$c = 15.546(2)\text{ \AA}$	$0.32 \times 0.09 \times 0.09\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer	1022 independent reflections
Absorption correction: analytical (de Meulenaer & Tompa, 1965)	958 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
$T_{\min} = 0.32$, $T_{\max} = 0.65$	1 standard reflections
1022 measured reflections	frequency: 30 min

intensity decay: none

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.022$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.18\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
$wR(F^2) = 0.034$	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.17\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
$S = 1.38$	Absolute structure: Flack (1983), no
1022 reflections	Friedel pairs
129 parameters	Flack parameter: 0.02 (1)
	H-atom parameters not refined

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
O1—H1O1···O1 ⁱ	1.00	2.00	2.977 (3)	165

Symmetry code: (i) $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *CAD-4 Manual* (Schagen *et al.*, 1989); cell refinement: *CAD-4 Manual*; data reduction: local program; program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR92* (Altomare *et al.*, 1994); program(s) used to refine structure: *RAELS* (Rae, 2000); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: local programs.

This research was supported by the Australian Research Council.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: TK2370).

References

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, o636 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809004310]

1,4-Dichloronaphthalene-2,3-diol

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Comment

1,4-Dichloronaphthalene-2,3-diol forms a 2:1 inclusion compound with dioxane, the structure of which (in space group $P2_1/c$) has been reported earlier (Ahn *et al.*, 1995). However, crystallization from benzene, chloroform, diethyl ether, ethanol or methanol yields solvent-free material. The crystal structures of the isomeric 1,5-dichloronaphthalene-2,6-diol, and its 1:1 inclusion compound with dioxane, have also been described (Ahn *et al.*, 1996); Fig. 1. The solvent-free title compound, (I), is planar and crystallizes such that each molecule takes part in only two hydrogen bonds (one as donor and one as acceptor), Table 1, with the same O1-hydroxy group being involved in both. This hydrogen bonding links molecules into a supramolecular chain in the *a* direction, with adjacent molecules along the chain being orthogonal. The O2—HO2 hydroxy group which does not take part in hydrogen bonding is directed towards an aromatic ring on another molecule to form an O2—HO2 $\cdots\pi$ interaction with the shortest O2—H1O2 \cdots C3 and O2—H1O2 \cdots C4 distances of 2.50 and 2.58 Å, respectively. The molecules pack in a herringbone arrangement such that they are all perpendicular to the *ab* plane, maximizing opportunities for offset face-face and edge-face aromatic interactions. The former have an interplanar separation of *ca* 3.3 Å while for the latter, the C—H \cdots C distances range up from 3.03 Å. Additionally, there are intermolecular Cl1 \cdots Cl2 interactions of 3.488 (2) Å and C—H \cdots Cl interactions of 2.92, 3.04 and 3.09 Å and O—H \cdots Cl of 3.05 Å.

Interestingly, this achiral molecule crystallizes in the chiral space group $P2_12_12_1$. The 2_1 axis along *a* accommodates the hydrogen bonding linkage while that along *b* generates the chain of molecules linked by Cl1 \cdots Cl2 interactions. The 2_1 axis in the *c* direction leads to chains of almost coplanar molecules linked by pairs of C4—H4 \cdots C11 and C5—H5 \cdots C11 motifs.

Experimental

1,4-Dichloronaphthalene-2,3-diol was prepared as described (Zincke & Fries, 1904; Ahn *et al.*, 1995) and X-ray quality solvent-free crystals were obtained from chloroform solution.

Refinement

Hydrogen atoms attached to C were included at calculated positions (C—H = 1.0 Å). The hydroxy hydrogen atoms were located on a difference map, and were then fixed at a position along the OH vector with O—H = 1.0 Å. All hydrogen atoms were refined with isotropic thermal parameters equivalent to those of the atom to which they were bonded.

supplementary materials

Figures

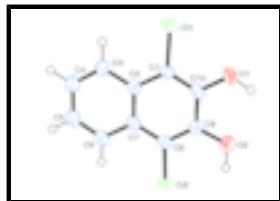


Fig. 1. Molecular structure of (I), showing the atom labeling scheme and displacement ellipsoids at the 50% probability level.

1,4-Dichloronaphthalene-2,3-diol

Crystal data

C ₁₀ H ₆ Cl ₂ O ₂	$F_{000} = 464.0$
$M_r = 229.1$	$D_x = 1.69 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$	Cu $K\alpha$ radiation
Hall symbol: P 2ac 2ab	$\lambda = 1.54184 \text{ \AA}$
$a = 5.0037 (4) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 10 reflections
$b = 11.589 (1) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 25\text{--}30^\circ$
$c = 15.546 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 6.24 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$V = 901.5 (2) \text{ \AA}^3$	$T = 294 \text{ K}$
$Z = 4$	Prism, colourless
	$0.32 \times 0.09 \times 0.09 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer	$\theta_{\max} = 70^\circ$
ω -2 θ scans	$h = 0 \rightarrow 6$
Absorption correction: analytical (de Meulenaer & Tompa, 1965)	$k = 0 \rightarrow 14$
$T_{\min} = 0.32$, $T_{\max} = 0.65$	$l = 0 \rightarrow 18$
1022 measured reflections	1 standard reflections
1022 independent reflections	every 30 min
958 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$	intensity decay: none
$R_{\text{int}} = 0$	

Refinement

Refinement on F	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.007$
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.022$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.18 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
$wR(F^2) = 0.034$	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.17 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
$S = 1.38$	Extinction correction: (Coppens & Hamilton, 1970)
1022 reflections	Extinction coefficient: 1.3 (1)
129 parameters	Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 0 Friedel pairs
H-atom parameters not refined	Flack parameter: 0.02 (1)
$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F) + 0.0004F^2]$	

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	0.40159 (14)	0.04588 (5)	0.59724 (4)	0.0414 (2)
Cl2	1.16627 (13)	0.32908 (5)	0.83291 (4)	0.0412 (2)
O1	0.8036 (4)	0.21135 (16)	0.54315 (9)	0.0402 (4)
O2	1.1352 (4)	0.3308 (2)	0.6420 (1)	0.0424 (5)
C1	0.6113 (5)	0.1220 (2)	0.6655 (2)	0.0290 (5)
C2	0.5913 (5)	0.1058 (2)	0.7565 (1)	0.0293 (5)
C3	0.4048 (6)	0.0300 (2)	0.7943 (2)	0.0344 (5)
C4	0.3944 (6)	0.0166 (2)	0.8827 (2)	0.0408 (6)
C5	0.5719 (7)	0.0785 (2)	0.9350 (2)	0.0435 (6)
C6	0.7518 (6)	0.1537 (2)	0.9010 (1)	0.0376 (6)
C7	0.7679 (5)	0.1700 (2)	0.8102 (1)	0.0300 (5)
C8	0.9496 (5)	0.2466 (2)	0.7716 (2)	0.0308 (5)
C9	0.9652 (5)	0.2599 (2)	0.6839 (2)	0.0306 (5)
C10	0.7904 (5)	0.1964 (2)	0.6298 (1)	0.0303 (5)
H1O1	0.9726	0.2478	0.5221	0.040
H1O2	1.2704	0.3699	0.6793	0.042
H3	0.2790	-0.0145	0.7569	0.034
H4	0.2609	-0.0369	0.9091	0.041
H5	0.5660	0.0671	0.9987	0.043
H6	0.8737	0.1979	0.9400	0.038

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl1	0.0418 (4)	0.0482 (3)	0.0341 (3)	-0.0060 (3)	-0.0095 (3)	-0.0051 (2)
Cl2	0.0416 (4)	0.0436 (3)	0.0385 (3)	-0.0083 (3)	-0.0052 (3)	-0.0080 (2)
O1	0.043 (1)	0.055 (1)	0.0226 (7)	-0.0045 (9)	-0.0010 (8)	0.0052 (7)
O2	0.042 (1)	0.0457 (9)	0.0392 (9)	-0.010 (1)	0.0020 (8)	0.0043 (7)
C1	0.027 (1)	0.032 (1)	0.027 (1)	0.001 (1)	-0.004 (1)	-0.0023 (8)
C2	0.031 (1)	0.030 (1)	0.027 (1)	0.003 (1)	-0.001 (1)	-0.0005 (8)
C3	0.033 (1)	0.035 (1)	0.036 (1)	0.000 (1)	0.002 (1)	0.0010 (9)
C4	0.042 (2)	0.043 (1)	0.038 (1)	-0.003 (1)	0.008 (1)	0.004 (1)
C5	0.051 (2)	0.051 (1)	0.028 (1)	0.000 (1)	0.006 (1)	0.003 (1)
C6	0.044 (1)	0.044 (1)	0.025 (1)	0.001 (1)	-0.003 (1)	-0.002 (1)
C7	0.032 (1)	0.032 (1)	0.026 (1)	0.004 (1)	0.000 (1)	-0.0005 (9)
C8	0.031 (1)	0.032 (1)	0.030 (1)	0.002 (1)	-0.004 (1)	-0.0046 (9)
C9	0.028 (1)	0.031 (1)	0.032 (1)	0.001 (1)	0.002 (1)	0.0032 (9)
C10	0.032 (1)	0.035 (1)	0.0238 (9)	0.006 (1)	-0.002 (1)	0.0002 (9)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

Cl1—C1	1.734 (2)	C6—C7	1.427 (3)
Cl2—C8	1.731 (2)	C7—C8	1.405 (3)
O1—C10	1.361 (2)	C8—C9	1.374 (3)
O2—C9	1.350 (3)	C9—C10	1.419 (3)

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C1—C2	1.431 (3)	O1—H1O1	1.000
C1—C10	1.361 (3)	O2—H1O2	1.000
C2—C3	1.410 (3)	C3—H3	1.000
C2—C7	1.426 (3)	C4—H4	1.000
C3—C4	1.385 (3)	C5—H5	1.000
C4—C5	1.401 (4)	C6—H6	1.000
C5—C6	1.360 (4)		
C11—C1—C2	119.7 (2)	O2—C9—C8	125.7 (2)
C11—C1—C10	118.1 (2)	O2—C9—C10	114.7 (2)
C2—C1—C10	122.2 (2)	C8—C9—C10	119.6 (2)
C1—C2—C3	122.7 (2)	O1—C10—C1	121.1 (2)
C1—C2—C7	117.8 (2)	O1—C10—C9	119.4 (2)
C3—C2—C7	119.5 (2)	C1—C10—C9	119.6 (2)
C2—C3—C4	120.5 (2)	C10—O1—H1O1	114.8
C3—C4—C5	119.7 (3)	C9—O2—H1O2	115.0
C4—C5—C6	121.5 (2)	C4—C3—H3	119.7
C5—C6—C7	120.4 (2)	C2—C3—H3	119.7
C2—C7—C6	118.4 (2)	C3—C4—H4	120.2
C2—C7—C8	118.8 (2)	C5—C4—H4	120.2
C6—C7—C8	122.9 (2)	C4—C5—H5	119.3
C12—C8—C7	121.2 (2)	C6—C5—H5	119.3
C12—C8—C9	116.7 (2)	C5—C6—H6	119.7
C7—C8—C9	122.1 (2)	C7—C6—H6	119.9

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D\text{—H}\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}\cdots A$
O1—H1O1…O1 ⁱ	1.00	2.00	2.977 (3)	165

Symmetry codes: (i) $x+1/2, -y+1/2, -z+1$.

Fig. 1

